

Database of questions for the Medical-Dental Final  
Examination (LDEK)  
Medical certification

Question nr 1

Which of the following is responsible for controlling the procedure of stating and issuing temporary incapacity to work verdicts due to illness?

- A. SIF (ZUS) certifying doctors.
- B. SIF (ZUS) medical boards.
- C. relevant provincial consultants.
- D. professional responsibility ombudsmen operating at medical chambers.
- E. medical courts.

Question nr 2

According to the Act on the social insurance system “a natural person subject to at least one social insurance” is:

- A. the insured.
- B. payer.
- C. Inland Revenue Office.
- D. Tax Inspection Office.
- E. Social Insurance Institution (ZUS).

Question nr 3

Care allowance is granted to the insured person who is an employee exempt from work and for whom it is necessary to take care of:

- 1) sick child under 14 years of age;
- 2) child until they turn 14 years of age in the case of unforeseen closing of the nursery, kindergarten or school which the child attends;
- 3) member of the family but not longer than 30 days in a calendar year;
- 4) sick child but not longer than 60 days in a calendar year.

The correct answer is:

- A.** 1,3.
- B.** 1,4.
- C.** 2,3.
- D.** 2,4.
- E.** only 2.

#### Question nr 4

Disability pension resulting from temporary incapacity to work is granted by the pension body:

- A.** in the case of permanent incapacity to professional work.
- B.** for the period specified by certifying doctors or medical board rulings.
- C.** for 6 months.
- D.** for 9 months.
- E.** for 12 months.

#### Question nr 5

An insured person has the right to sickness benefit from the first day of their insurance if temporary incapacity to work:

- A.** results from undergoing necessary medical examinations and treatments for donors of cells, tissues and organs.
- B.** falls on pregnancy time.
- C.** arose from an accident on the way to or from work.
- D.** results from alcohol abuse.
- E.** results from tuberculosis.

#### Question nr 6

What is the maximal combined time in months (with its extension) for which SIF (ZUS) can grant rehabilitation benefits?

- A. 3.**
- B. 6.**
- C. 12.**
- D. 18.**
- E. 24.**

Question nr **7**

Additional training of doctors as volunteers in medical school clinics and the departments of scientific institutes (up to 1 year):

- A. is not the contribution or non-contribution period.**
- B. is the contribution period taken into account when determining the right to retirement and disability pension.**
- C. is the non-contribution period taken into account when determining the right to retirement and disability pension.**
- D. is not possible, as doctors cannot perform their occupation as volunteers.**
- E. does not affect the right to retirement and disability pension.**

Question nr **8**

The costs of the Accident Fund are covered by:

- A. employee.**
- B. employer.**
- C. employee and employer.**
- D. State Insurance Company (PZU).**
- E. Agricultural Social Insurance Fund (KRUS).**

Question nr **9**

A person who has obtained a certificate of severe disability:

- A. cannot take up employment.**
- B. can be employed as a teleworker.**

- C. is always unable to work.
- D. is able to live independently.
- E. does not require other people to help them perform social roles.

Question nr 10

Is a person insured by SIF (ZUS) allowed to work for money while receiving the sickness benefit resulting from their stated temporary incapacity for work?

- A. yes, for another employer.
- B. yes, in 1/2 time capacity.
- C. yes, in 1/3 time capacity.
- D. no, they are not allowed to work for money.
- E. yes, they are.

Question nr 11

Initial and periodic medical examinations are carried out at the expense of:

- A. employee and employer.
- B. employee.
- C. employer.
- D. National Health Fund (NFZ).
- E. Agricultural Social Insurance Fund (KRUS).

Question nr 12

The insured **is not** entitled to accident insurance benefits for unfitness for work caused by an accident or occupational disease if he/she:

- A. being intoxicated, significantly contributed to causing the accident.
- B. has previously benefited from accident insurance benefit.
- C. was subject to social insurance for less than 3 months.

**D.** was subject to health insurance for less than 3 months.

**E.** was subject to accident insurance for less than 3 months.

#### Question nr 13

A person with impaired physical fitness which significantly reduces their ability to perform work compared to the ability of a person with similar professional qualifications and with full mental and physical fitness, or a person who has limitations in social roles that can be compensated by orthopedic devices, auxiliary or technical means may obtain a ruling of:

**A.** mild disability.

**B.** moderate disability.

**C.** significant disability.

**D.** severe disability.

**E.** profound disability.

#### Question nr 14

An audit of the taxpayers' performance related to social insurance is conducted by:

**A.** employees.

**B.** employers.

**C.** Medical Chamber.

**D.** Tax Office inspectors.

**E.** Social Insurance Institution inspectors.

#### Question nr 15

The printed form of medical statements on temporary incapacity for work due to illness or the necessity to provide personal care for employee's sick family member is available only to doctors holding the authorization to issue such documents. These forms are provided by:

**A.** State Fund for Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities.

**B.** Agricultural Social Insurance Fund ASIF(KRUS).

**C.** Social Insurance Fund SIF(ZUS).

**D.** National Health Fund (NFZ).

**E.** Ministry of Health.

**Question nr 16**

During pregnancy, the amount of rehabilitation benefit is:

**A.** 60% of statutory sickness benefit.

**B.** 70% of statutory sickness benefit.

**C.** 80% of statutory sickness benefit.

**D.** 90% of statutory sickness benefit.

**E.** 100% of statutory sickness benefit.

**Question nr 17**

Permanent or long-term damage to health and its relation to an accident at work or occupational disease is certified by:

**A.** certifying doctor of the Social Insurance Institution or a medical commission of the Social Insurance Institution.

**B.** occupational medicine specialist.

**C.** occupational health and safety specialist.

**D.** any doctor.

**E.** medical case conference.

**Question nr 18**

Sickness benefit is granted for the duration of the inability to work due to illness or unfitness for work, however not longer than (with the exception of the inability to work caused by tuberculosis or pregnancy):

**A.** 162 days.

**B.** 172 days.

**C.** 182 days.

D. 192 days.

E. 270 days.

Question nr **19**

The money benefit for the entitled family members of a person, who at the moment of death was receiving a pre-retirement benefit, is called:

A. retirement pension.

B. pre-retirement benefit.

C. family allowance pension.

D. funeral benefit.

E. family benefit.

Question nr **20**

Certifying doctor, who rules on inability to work for money for disability pension purposes, is a body that is included in:

A. Social Insurance Fund (ZUS).

B. Agricultural Social Insurance Fund (KRUS).

C. State Sanitary Inspection.

D. Ministry of Health.

E. National Health Fund.

Question nr **21**

Training pension can be granted to the insured person for the basic period and then prolonged. However, its combined time **cannot** exceed:

A. 3 months.

B. 6 months.

C. 1 year.

D. 2 years.

**E.** 3 years.

#### Question nr **22**

In accordance with the Law on old age and disability pension paid from the Social Insurance Fund, insured persons are entitled to a disability pension due to incapacity for work if they have the required contributory and noncontributory period and hold a medical ruling on:

- A.** incapacity for work which arose during the insurance period but not later than 18 months after termination of employment.
- B.** total incapacity for work on the farm.
- C.** total incapacity for military service.
- D.** total incapacity for work which arose during the insurance period but not later than 36 months after termination of employment.
- E.** considerable degree of disability.

#### Question nr **23**

The benefit for an insured person who after exhausting their sickness benefit is still unable to work and their further rehabilitation and treatment bode well for regaining capacity to work is the definition of:

- A.** compensatory allowance.
- B.** training pension.
- C.** rehabilitation benefit.
- D.** sickness benefit.
- E.** pension due to incapacity to work.

#### Question nr **24**

The sickness benefit is granted to:

- A.** both the insured and uninsured.
- B.** all the insured, irrespective of the moment at which they became unable to work due to sickness.
- C.** the insured who became unable to work due to sickness during the



duration of sickness insurance.

**D.** the insured who became unable to work due to sickness during the parental insurance period.

**E.** people under the age of 18.

#### Question nr **25**

Which of the following documents **does not** have binding power for SIF (ZUS) certifying doctors while they rule on incapacity for work?

**A.** Military Medical Commission rulings concerning the relationship between wounds and injuries found and the warfare.

**B.** occupational physicians' rulings.

**C.** legally valid findings concerning the recognition of events as accidents at work.

**D.** administrative authorities' findings stating a lack of possible occupational retraining.

**E.** State Sanitary Inspection authority's decision stating an occupational disease.

#### Question nr **26**

According to the Act on Pensions and Disability Pensions paid from Social Insurance Fund an insured person applying for a social benefit is entitled to appeal against a SIF (ZUS) certifying doctor's ruling within 14 days of receiving the ruling to:

**A.** Provincial Body for the Disability Entitlement.

**B.** SIF (ZUS) Medical Committee.

**C.** President of SIF (ZUS).

**D.** Branch Manager of SIF (ZUS).

**E.** Court of Labor and Social Security.

#### Question nr **27**

The Act on social insurance system from 13 October, 1998 points out to four funds within the Social Insurance Fund. Which of the following funds **is not**

mentioned in that regulation?

- A.** sickness.
- B.** pension.
- C.** unemployment.
- D.** accident.
- E.** old-age pension.

**Question nr 28**

People on parental leave or receiving maternity benefits are compulsorily subject to:

- A.** retirement pension insurance only.
- B.** social security insurance only.
- C.** parental insurance only.
- D.** retirement and social security insurance.
- E.** none of the above, they are not compulsorily subject to any insurance.

**Question nr 29**

Disability pension resulted from incapacity to work paid from the Disability Social Insurance Fund is due to an insured person who fulfill the following conditions:

- 1) is incapable to work;
- 2) has the required contributory and noncontributory period;
- 3) incapacity arose during insurance but not later than 18 months from a cessation of the employment.

The correct answer is:

- A.** only 1.
- B.** only 2.
- C.** only 3.
- D.** 1,2.
- E.** 1,2,3.

Question nr **30**

The monthly sickness benefit for the period of the hospital stay during pregnancy is:

- A.** 60% of the benefit calculation basis.
- B.** 70% of the benefit calculation basis.
- C.** 80% of the benefit calculation basis.
- D.** 90% of the benefit calculation basis.
- E.** 100% of the benefit calculation basis.

Question nr **31**

The incapacity for work during pregnancy is denoted with a letter code:

- A.** A.
- B.** B.
- C.** C.
- D.** D.
- E.** E.

Question nr **32**

In accordance with the Law on cash benefits from social insurance in the case of disease and maternity, the sickness benefit is not due for the first five days of temporary incapacity for work caused by:

- A.** accident on the way to or from work.
- B.** infectious disease.
- C.** overdose of psychotropic drugs.
- D.** alcohol abuse.
- E.** tuberculosis.

Question nr **33**

Which of the following institutions gives the right for doctors, dentists, field surgeons and senior field surgeons to issue medical rulings on temporary incapacity to work owing to disease, stay in the hospital or another treatment facility working on stationary or round-the-clock basis, or owing to the necessity of providing personal care for a family member?

- A.** Agricultural Social Insurance Fund.
- B.** Ministry of National Defense.
- C.** National Health Fund.
- D.** Social Insurance Fund.
- E.** Ministry of Internal Affairs and Administration.

**Question nr 34**

An insured person working for money or taking advantage of doctor's ruling on temporary incapacity to work in a manner inconsistent with this ruling in the period of stated incapacity to work loses the right to sickness benefit:

- A.** for the whole period of stated incapacity to work.
- B.** for the first 2 days of stated incapacity to work.
- C.** for the first 3 days of stated incapacity to work.
- D.** for the first 5 days of stated incapacity to work.
- E.** for 7 days of stated incapacity to work.

**Question nr 35**

In accordance with the Law on cash benefits from social insurance in the case of disease and maternity, a medical ruling on temporary incapacity for work due to illness or the necessity to provide personal care for employee's sick family member is issued:

- A.** on the basis of the sanatorium information card.
- B.** after carrying out a direct examination of the insured employee or their sick family member.
- C.** on the basis of the ambulance certificate.
- D.** on the basis of the certificate from a medical specialist.

**E.** on the basis of the hospital information card.

**Question nr 36**

For how many days prior to the day of the medical examination which showed that an insured person was undoubtedly incapacitated to work for those days can the medical ruling on temporary incapacity to work be issued?

- A.** 1 day.
- B.** 2 days.
- C.** 3 days.
- D.** 4 days.
- E.** 5 days.

**Question nr 37**

In accordance with the Law on old-age and disability pensions from the Social Insurance Fund if the incapacity for work occurred before turning 20 years of life the condition to have the required length of a contributory and non-contributory period sufficient to obtain a pension is satisfied when the insured person has reached at least the following length of a contributory and non-contributory period:

- A.** one year.
- B.** two years.
- C.** three years.
- D.** four years.
- E.** five years.

**Question nr 38**

If temporary incapacity for work arose on the way to or from work, as a result of an accident at work or occupational disease then the monthly sickness benefit is paid at the following amount calculated of the base of the sickness benefit:

- A.** 50%.

- B.** 70%.
- C.** 80%.
- D.** 90%.
- E.** 100%.

Question nr **39**

Which of the following issues the decision confirming or rejecting occupational disease?

- A.** State Fund for Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities.
- B.** Ministry of Family, Labor and Social Policy.
- C.** State Sanitary Inspection.
- D.** Ministry of Health.
- E.** Social Insurance Fund (ZUS).

Question nr **40**

The information in the medical ruling on temporary incapacity to work owing to disease, stay in the hospital or another treatment facility working on stationary or round-the-clock basis and stating the circumstances influencing the right to sickness benefit and its amount is given in the form of letter codes. C code means incapacity to work:

- A.** because of tuberculosis.
- B.** because of stroke.
- C.** which arose after the break of no more than 60 days and its cause is the same as before the break.
- D.** because of alcohol abuse.
- E.** during pregnancy.

Question nr **41**

The ruling on the desirability of occupational retraining issued by a SIF (ZUS) certifying doctor constitutes the basis for granting an insured person

who is applying for a disability pension paid from SIF and who fulfils other conditions specified in the Act on Pensions and Disability Pensions:

- A.** disability pension resulting from incapacity for work.
- B.** sickness benefit.
- C.** care allowance.
- D.** training pension.
- E.** occupational rehabilitation.

**Question nr 42**

According to the Law on cash benefits from Social Insurance Fund if temporary incapacity to work resulted from an accident at work, occupational disease or an accident while commuting to/from the workplace then the monthly sickness benefit amounts to:

- A.** 50% of the contribution base.
- B.** 70% of the contribution base.
- C.** 80% of the contribution base.
- D.** 90% of the contribution base.
- E.** 100% of the contribution base.

**Question nr 43**

A person insured in SIF (ZUS) is entitled to one-time compensation due to work accident or occupational disease on the basis of the SIF certifying doctor's ruling on:

- A.** considerable disability.
- B.** temporary incapacity for work.
- C.** permanent or long-term damage to health.
- D.** moderate disability.
- E.** total incapacity for work.

**Question nr 44**

In accordance with the Law on cash benefits from social insurance in the case of disease and maternity, medical statements on temporary incapacity for work due to illness or stay in a stationary health facility provide information - in a form of letter codes - about the circumstances affecting the grant of sickness benefit and its amount. The incapacity to work due to alcohol abuse is denoted by the code:

**A. A.**

**B. B.**

**C. C.**

**D. D.**

**E. E.**

**Question nr 45**

Does a person who suffered an accident at work have to have a minimum period of employment to apply for disability pension or compensation for bodily harm?

**A. no, an employment period is not required.**

**B. yes, at least 1 month.**

**C. yes, at least 3 months.**

**D. yes, at least 6 months.**

**E. yes, at least 12 months.**

**Question nr 46**

In accordance with the Law on old-age and disability pensions paid from the Social Insurance Fund (ZUS), the ruling on purposefulness of occupational retraining for an insured person who has the required insurance period constitutes the basis for issuing a decision granting:

**A. resultant disability pension.**

**B. training pension.**

**C. caring allowance.**

**D. sickness benefit.**



**E.** work disability pension.

**Question nr 47**

The authorization to issue medical rulings on temporary incapacity to work is granted by:

**A.** Social Insurance Fund (ZUS).

**B.** Agricultural Social Insurance Fund (KRUS).

**C.** State Fund for Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities (PFRON).

**D.** National Health Fund (NFZ).

**E.** Ministry of Health.

**Question nr 48**

In accordance with the Law on cash benefits from social insurance in case of sickness and maternity the doctor's statement on temporary incapacity for work because of sickness or a hospital stay contains the statistical number of the disease established in accordance with the following:

**A.** Labour and Social Policy Minister's decree.

**B.** International Classification of Disability.

**C.** International Functional Classification.

**D.** International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems.

**E.** List of occupational diseases.

**Question nr 49**

In accordance with the Law on cash benefits from social insurance in case of sickness and maternity the person who issues a medical statement on temporary incapacity for work because of sickness delivers the following to the local office of the Social Insurance Institution:

**A.** original of the doctor's statement.

**B.** first copy of the doctor's statement.

C. results of additional examinations of the patient.

D. patient's medical history.

E. second copy of the doctors statement.

Question nr **50**

In accordance with the law on cash benefits from social insurance in the case of disease and maternity, the medical ruling on temporary incapacity for work includes the statistical number of the disease, a number shown in the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision. This number is put on:

A. second copy of the ruling.

B. original and the second copy of the ruling.

C. original and the first copy of the ruling.

D. first copy of the ruling.

E. original of the ruling.

Question nr **51**

SIF (ZUS) certifying doctors and medical boards **do not** issue rulings on:

A. inability to independent living.

B. degree of disability.

C. percentage of damage to health.

D. total incapacity for work.

E. partial incapacity for work.

Question nr **52**

In accordance with the law on cash benefits from social insurance in the case of disease and maternity the medical ruling on temporary incapacity for work for the period of three days prior to the date of the examination of an insured person can be issued by

A. ASIF (KRUS) certifying doctor.

**B.** SIF (ZUS) certifying doctor.

**C.** psychiatrist.

**D.** hospital administrator.

**E.** medical unit manager.

**Question nr 53**

In accordance with the Law on social insurance for farmers, the basic benefit period is 180 days. If, after this period, the insured is still unable to work but as a result of further treatment and rehabilitation may regain their capacity for work then the benefit period is extended but **not more** than:

**A.** 60 days.

**B.** 120 days.

**C.** 180 days.

**D.** 240 days.

**E.** 360 days.

**Question nr 54**

Social insurance differs from other benefit systems also by material scope. It covers special kind of needs caused by contingencies, described as underwriting risk. Indicate correctly formulated risk along with adequate characteristics:

**A.** temporary incapacity for work due to illness or accident, which is non-gradable, with entitled sickness benefit.

**B.** incapacity for independent existence provides a basis for invalidity pension.

**C.** non-gradable long-term incapacity for work due to consequences of illness or accident with entitled one-off compensation.

**D.** road accidents and entitled due to this fact disability benefit and compensatory pay.

**E.** senility or retirement age, compensation in such a case is pension.

**Question nr 55**

People subject to voluntary retirement and pension insurance are:

- A. employees.
- B. individuals who do not meet the conditions for compulsory retirement and pension insurance.
- C. individuals working under a tolling agreement.
- D. members of agricultural production societies.
- E. individuals conducting non-agricultural activities.

Question nr **56**

Medical certificate is stored in the Social Security Office for:

- A. 2 years, counting from the end of calendar year in which it was issued.
- B. 3 years, counting from the end of calendar year in which it was issued.
- C. 4 years, counting from the end of calendar year in which it was issued.
- D. 5 years, counting from the end of calendar year in which it was issued.
- E. 6 years, counting from the end of calendar year in which it was issued.

Question nr **57**

Pension due to incapacity for work and training benefits deriving from accident insurance for a person completely incapable of work **cannot** be lower than:

- A. 50% of pensionable income.
- B. 60% of pensionable income.
- C. 70% of pensionable income.
- D. 80% of pensionable income.
- E. 90% of pensionable income.

Question nr **58**

Attendance allowance for the exemption from work due to the requirement of personal provision of care for a sick member of the family other than the

child, is granted for:

- A.** 14 days in calendar year.
- B.** 20 days in calendar year.
- C.** 30 days in calendar year.
- D.** 60 days in calendar year.
- E.** 90 days in calendar year.

Question nr **59**

Medical certificate, at the written request of the insured person, **may not** contain the code:

- A.** A and C.
- B.** B and D.
- C.** A and D.
- D.** D and E.
- E.** A and E.

Question nr **60**

According to the Sickness and Maternity Cash Benefits Act, the sickness benefit shall be granted to:

- A.** an insured person, who became incapable of working due to sickness within the duration of health insurance.
- B.** an insured person, who after exhausting the sickness benefit is still incapable of working, and further treatment and rehabilitation bode recovering the capacity to work.
- C.** an insured person, who is an employee with reduced working ability.
- D.** an insured person, who gave birth within the duration of health insurance or maternity leave.
- E.** an insured person, relieved from performing work due to necessity of taking care of a sick child of under 14 years of age.

Question nr **61**

According to the Act on Social Insurance System, the right to voluntary pension and disability insurance is granted to:

- A.** employees.
- B.** clergymen, employed at educational institution.
- C.** individuals executing non-agricultural activity.
- D.** individuals, who do not fulfil the conditions of mandatory pension and disability insurance.
- E.** individual who is on parental leave.